



REPORT OF INDEPENDENT AUDITORS
AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CHRISTIAN COMMUNITY ACTION

June 30, 2018 and 2017



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Report of Independent Auditors

To the Board of Directors
Christian Community Action

Report On the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Christian Community Action (the Organization), which comprise the statements of financial position as of June 30, 2018 and 2017, the related statements of activities, functional expenses, and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Christian Community Action as of June 30, 2018 and 2017, and the change in net assets and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Moss Adams LLP

Dallas, Texas

December 17, 2018

Christian Community Action Statements of Financial Position

	June 30,	
	2018	2017
ASSETS		
CURRENT ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 384,515	\$ 602,575
Investments	7,400,883	-
Accounts receivable	89,708	71,249
Note receivable - current portion	375,000	-
Inventories	251,249	234,433
Inventories related to discontinued operations	-	1,070,088
Prepaid expenses	2,784	46,179
	8,504,139	2,024,524
NON-CURRENT ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents - restricted to capital improvements	-	15,646
Pledges receivable - noncurrent portion	-	200,000
Note receivable - noncurrent portion	937,500	-
Property and equipment, net	3,190,694	3,317,636
Property and equipment related to discontinued operations, net	-	6,197,655
	4,128,194	9,730,937
Total assets	\$ 12,632,333	\$ 11,755,461
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS		
CURRENT LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 77,839	\$ 107,802
Payroll and related liabilities	52,118	141,943
Other liabilities	7,525	28,754
Custodial client payables	1,081	1,598
Deferred rent expense - related to discontinued operations	-	10,679
Notes payable - current portion	-	592,185
	138,563	882,961
LONG-TERM LIABILITIES		
Notes payable - noncurrent portion	-	760,000
	-	760,000
Total liabilities	138,563	1,642,961
NET ASSETS		
Unrestricted	12,463,011	9,795,676
Temporarily restricted	30,759	316,824
	12,493,770	10,112,500
Total liabilities and net assets	\$ 12,632,333	\$ 11,755,461

Christian Community Action
Statement of Activities
For The Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Unrestricted	Temporarily Restricted	Total
REVENUES AND SUPPORT			
Contributions	\$ 911,821	\$ 157,768	\$ 1,069,589
Donated goods and services	2,274,240	-	2,274,240
Government grants	-	240,277	240,277
United Way grants	-	30,000	30,000
Grants, foundations and other	78,882	308,008	386,890
Investment income	123,658	-	123,658
R2S donation revenue	403,339	-	403,339
Other income	92,983	-	92,983
	<u>3,884,923</u>	<u>736,053</u>	<u>4,620,976</u>
NET ASSETS RELEASED FROM RESTRICTIONS	<u>1,022,118</u>	<u>(1,022,118)</u>	<u>-</u>
TOTAL REVENUES AND SUPPORT	<u>4,907,041</u>	<u>(286,065)</u>	<u>4,620,976</u>
EXPENSES			
Program services	4,098,191	-	4,098,191
Fundraising	776,109	-	776,109
Management and general	109,847	-	109,847
	<u>4,984,147</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>4,984,147</u>
TOTAL FUNCTIONAL EXPENSES	<u>4,984,147</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>4,984,147</u>
TOTAL EXPENSES	<u>4,984,147</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>4,984,147</u>
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS BEFORE DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS	(77,106)	(286,065)	(363,171)
DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS			
Gain from sale of assets and inventory, net	2,672,412	-	2,672,412
Change in net assets from operations of ReSale	72,029	-	72,029
	<u>2,744,441</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>2,744,441</u>
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS	2,667,335	(286,065)	2,381,270
NET ASSETS, beginning of year	<u>9,795,676</u>	<u>316,824</u>	<u>10,112,500</u>
NET ASSETS, end of year	<u>\$ 12,463,011</u>	<u>\$ 30,759</u>	<u>\$ 12,493,770</u>

Christian Community Action
Statement of Activities
For The Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Unrestricted	Temporarily Restricted	Total
REVENUES AND SUPPORT			
Contributions	\$ 1,045,960	\$ 300,536	\$ 1,346,496
Donated goods and services	1,313,352	-	1,313,352
Government grants	-	217,677	217,677
United Way grants	-	30,000	30,000
Grants, foundations and other	64,000	244,946	308,946
Investment loss	(249)	-	(249)
Other income	17,989	-	17,989
	<u>2,441,052</u>	<u>793,159</u>	<u>3,234,211</u>
NET ASSETS RELEASED FROM RESTRICTIONS	<u>763,991</u>	<u>(763,991)</u>	<u>-</u>
TOTAL REVENUES AND SUPPORT	<u>3,205,043</u>	<u>29,168</u>	<u>3,234,211</u>
EXPENSES			
Program services	2,928,372	-	2,928,372
Fundraising	889,098	-	889,098
Management and general	352,358	-	352,358
	<u>4,169,828</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>4,169,828</u>
TOTAL FUNCTIONAL EXPENSES	<u>4,169,828</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>4,169,828</u>
TOTAL EXPENSES	<u>4,169,828</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>4,169,828</u>
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS BEFORE DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS	(964,785)	29,168	(935,617)
DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS			
Change in net assets from operations of ReSale	<u>525,257</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>525,257</u>
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS	(439,528)	29,168	(410,360)
NET ASSETS, beginning of year	<u>10,235,204</u>	<u>287,656</u>	<u>10,522,860</u>
NET ASSETS, end of year	<u>\$ 9,795,676</u>	<u>\$ 316,824</u>	<u>\$ 10,112,500</u>

**Christian Community Action
Statement of Functional Expenses
For The Year Ended June 30, 2018**

	Program Services	Fundraising	Management & General	Total
DIRECT SUPPORT				
Permanent housing	\$ 280,292	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 280,292
Senior program expense	10,578	-	-	10,578
Utilities (includes government grants)	74,341	-	-	74,341
Food purchased and in-kind	1,753,205	-	-	1,753,205
Direct goods and services	548,677	-	-	548,677
Clothing and household items	89,812	-	-	89,812
Transportation	14,202	-	-	14,202
Miscellaneous	62	-	-	62
Education	3,724	-	-	3,724
Total direct support	<u>2,774,893</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>2,774,893</u>
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Compensation and benefits	1,010,041	465,889	68,880	1,544,810
Communications	16,091	11,893	2,923	30,907
Occupancy and equipment cost	176,530	40,277	21,921	238,728
Promotional costs	15,951	133,774	223	149,948
Professional services and other expenses	96,234	122,759	14,358	233,351
Donated goods and services	1,181	213	216	1,610
Interest expense	7,270	1,304	1,326	9,900
Total operating expenses	<u>1,323,298</u>	<u>776,109</u>	<u>109,847</u>	<u>2,209,254</u>
TOTAL FUNCTIONAL EXPENSES	<u>\$ 4,098,191</u>	<u>\$ 776,109</u>	<u>\$ 109,847</u>	<u>\$ 4,984,147</u>
Percentage of total functional expenses	<u>82.23%</u>	<u>15.57%</u>	<u>2.20%</u>	<u>100%</u>

**Christian Community Action
Statement of Functional Expenses
For The Year Ended June 30, 2017**

	Program Services	Fundraising	Management & General	Total
DIRECT SUPPORT				
Permanent housing	\$ 174,252	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 174,252
Senior program expense	10,701	-	-	10,701
Utilities (includes government grants)	73,450	-	-	73,450
Food purchased and in-kind	1,157,828	-	-	1,157,828
Direct goods and services	248,635	-	-	248,635
Clothing and household items	83,438	-	-	83,438
Transportation	12,103	-	-	12,103
Miscellaneous	1,160	-	-	1,160
Education	1,889	-	-	1,889
Total direct support	<u>1,763,456</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,763,456</u>
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Compensation and benefits	961,825	536,712	239,326	1,737,863
Communications	8,302	16,773	8,189	33,264
Occupancy and equipment cost	115,535	38,729	64,429	218,693
Promotional costs	19,793	161,736	866	182,395
Professional services and other expenses	53,892	132,895	34,416	221,203
Donated goods and services	1,090	235	535	1,860
Interest expense	4,479	2,018	4,597	11,094
Total operating expenses	<u>1,164,916</u>	<u>889,098</u>	<u>352,358</u>	<u>2,406,372</u>
TOTAL FUNCTIONAL EXPENSES	<u><u>\$ 2,928,372</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 889,098</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 352,358</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 4,169,828</u></u>
Percentage of total functional expenses	<u><u>70.23%</u></u>	<u><u>21.32%</u></u>	<u><u>8.45%</u></u>	<u><u>100%</u></u>

Christian Community Action Statements of Cash Flows

	For Year Ended June 30,	
	2018	2017
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Change in net assets	\$ 2,381,270	\$ (410,360)
Change in net assets from discontinued operations	2,744,441	525,257
Change in net assets from continuing operations	(363,171)	(935,617)
Adjustments to reconcile change in net assets to net cash from operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	145,544	167,103
Net realized and unrealized loss on investments	2,775	-
Allowance for uncollectible pledges receivable	-	28,703
Inventories	(16,816)	38,916
Changes in assets:		
Accounts receivable	(18,459)	19,560
Prepaid expenses	43,395	6,802
Changes in liabilities:		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	(29,963)	(12,463)
Accrued liabilities	(111,571)	(85,505)
Net cash used in operating activities of continuing operations	(348,266)	(772,501)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities of discontinued operations	(102,072)	705,570
NET CASH USED IN OPERATING ACTIVITIES	(450,338)	(66,931)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Purchases of property and equipment	(78,047)	(4,410)
Purchases of investments	(7,403,658)	-
Principal for loan issued for sale of fixed assets	187,500	-
Change in cash restricted for purchase of property and equipment	15,646	(8)
Net cash used in investing activities of continuing operations	(7,278,559)	(4,418)
Net cash provided by investing activities of discontinued operations	8,850,000	-
NET CASH PROVIDED BY USED IN INVESTING ACTIVITIES	1,571,441	(4,418)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities of continuing operations	-	-
Net cash used in financing activities of discontinued operations	(1,339,162)	(1,377)
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(1,339,162)	(1,377)
NET CHANGE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(218,059)	(72,726)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING OF YEAR	602,575	675,301
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF YEAR	\$ 384,516	\$ 602,575
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION		
Interest paid	\$ 33,034	\$ 48,457
SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULE OF NON-CASH OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Donated goods received	\$ 2,205,180	1,274,434
Donated goods distributed	\$ 2,188,364	\$ 1,200,491

Christian Community Action

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 1 – Organization and Summary of Accounting Policies

The summary of significant accounting policies of Christian Community Action (the Organization) is presented to assist in understanding the financial statements. The financial statements and notes are representations of the Organization's management, who is responsible for their integrity and objectivity. These accounting policies conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (U.S. GAAP) and have been consistently applied in the preparation of the financial statements.

Organization

The Organization was formed in 1973 in Lewisville, Texas. The Organization is a faith-based nonprofit agency dedicated to providing help to lower income families by providing them with a wide range of programs and services that address their needs. Current programs include housing, financial assistance, food distribution, life-skills training, ESL classes, socialization services for elderly independent low income people, and job placement. The Organization receives cash donations from individuals, local churches, special events, and grants from private corporations, foundations, and federal, state, and local governments and funding through an agreement for the collection of donated items in the Organization's service area.

During November 2017, the Organization entered into an asset purchase agreement (the Agreement) with Recycle 2 Support (R2S) for the sale of assets and inventory related to resale operations owned and operated by the Organization. R2S operates Thrift Giant resale stores. As a result of receiving donated items for the benefit of the Organization, R2S will provide continued funding to the Organization. Prior to the sale, the Organization used proceeds from the resale operations for funding of programs and services. See Note 2 for further information related to the sale of resale operations.

Basis of Presentation

The financial statements have been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with principles of accounting generally accepted in the United States of America. Net assets and revenues, gains and losses are classified based on the existence or absence of donor-imposed restrictions. Accordingly, net assets and changes thereto are classified as follows:

Unrestricted Board Designated Net Assets – Net assets not subject to donor imposed stipulations but designated for a specific purpose by the Board of Directors.

Unrestricted Net Assets – Net assets not subject to donor-imposed stipulations.

Temporarily Restricted Net Assets – Net assets subject to donor-imposed stipulation that may or will be met by actions of the Organization and/or the passage of time.

Permanently Restricted Net Assets – Net assets subject to donor-imposed stipulation. There were none at June 30, 2018 and 2017.

Revenues are reported as increases in unrestricted net assets unless use of the related asset is limited by donor-imposed restrictions. Expenses are reported as decreases in unrestricted net assets. Expirations of temporarily restricted net assets (i.e., the donor-stipulated purpose has been fulfilled and/or the stipulated time period has elapsed) are reported as reclassifications between the applicable classes of net assets.

Christian Community Action

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 1 – Organization and Summary of Accounting Policies (continued)

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Organization considers money market accounts, not designated for future purposes by the Organization's Board of Directors or restricted to capital improvements, with original maturity dates of 90 days or less, to be cash equivalents. The Organization places its cash, which, at times, may exceed federally insured limits, with high credit quality institutions. The Organization has not experienced any losses on such accounts.

Investments

Investments in cash, money market, certificates of deposit accounts, equities, and other fixed income securities are recorded at their fair value. Securities that have been donated are recorded at fair value as of the date of the gift. Increases or decreases in fair value are recorded as unrealized gains and losses in investment income.

Proceeds from the transfer of assets and inventory as part of the Agreement were placed into an investment account overseen by an independent investment advisor. The Organization's Board of Directors designated an Investment Committee to oversee the investment advisor and monitor the results of the investment activity. See Note 4 for information related to the fair value measurement of the investment held.

Use of investment funds are subject to approval by the Board of Directors. Board designations do not meet the criteria for being classified as restricted net assets. Board designations are not donor-imposed restrictions and are subject to change at the Board's discretion.

Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable represent amounts reimbursable through government grants, amounts due from credit card processing companies, and amounts due from R2S related to donated items. The credit card receivable balance exists because of the two to three-day delay between the charge and the deposit in the Organization's bank account. Merchandise sales and donations primarily occur with individuals who reside in North Central Texas. Amounts due from R2S are due to reimbursement of certain expenses related to resale operations that have yet to be fully transferred from the Organization and payment for the collection and sale of donated items pursuant to the Agreement.

Management assesses the payment history, historical credit losses, and other known information pertaining to organizations and individuals with outstanding balances to determine allowances recorded against accounts receivable. Based on management's assessment of government grants, credit card processing, and payments by R2S, it was concluded that bad debt losses on balances outstanding at year-end are immaterial. Therefore, no allowance for doubtful accounts was reflected.

Christian Community Action

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 1 – Organization and Summary of Accounting Policies (continued)

Note Receivable

Note receivable is carried at unpaid principal balances, less any allowance for loan losses. The allowance for loan losses is increased by charges to the change in net assets and decreased by charge-offs (net of recoveries). Management's periodic evaluation of the adequacy of the allowance is based on the Organization's past loan loss experience, adverse situations that may affect the borrower's ability to repay, estimated value of any underlying collateral, and current economic conditions. Past due status is determined based on contractual terms. Loans are considered impaired if full principal or interest payments are not anticipated in accordance with the contractual terms. The Organization's practice is to charge off any loan or portion of a loan when the loan is determined by management to be uncollectible due to the borrower's failure to meet repayment terms, the borrower's deteriorating or deteriorated financial condition, the depreciation of the underlying collateral, or for other reasons.

Interest on loans is recognized over the term of the loan and is calculated using the simple-interest method on principal amounts outstanding.

Inventories

The Organization holds inventory which consists of housewares, clothing, food, etc. These items are obtained primarily from donations but also from purchases at discounted prices. Pursuant to the Agreement, the Organization transferred all inventory related to the resale operations to R2S. The remaining inventory primarily consist of food and clothing used by programs and services. The value of the inventory is based on historical averages which have been derived from retail sale prices of items in the various categories.

Property and Equipment

Property and equipment are stated at cost, or estimated fair value if donated at the date the equipment is donated, less accumulated depreciation and amortization. Major expenditures and expenditures which substantially increase useful lives are capitalized. Maintenance, repairs and replacement, which do not improve or extend the lives of the respective assets, are expensed when incurred. When property and equipment are sold or otherwise disposed of, the asset and related accumulated depreciation and amortization are removed, and any gain or loss is included in income. Interest incurred to finance assets under construction is capitalized as construction cost until the assets are placed in service.

Depreciation and amortization is provided for over the estimated useful lives of the assets using the straight-line method as follows:

Buildings and improvements	25 – 40 Years
Furniture and equipment	3 – 5 Years
Software	5 – 10 Years
Vehicles	5 Years

Christian Community Action

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 1 – Organization and Summary of Accounting Policies (continued)

Revenue Recognition

Contributions – Contributions are recognized when received or a donor makes a pledge to give to the Organization that is, in substance, unconditional. Unconditional promises to give expected to be collected within one year, are recorded at estimated net realizable value. Unconditional promises to give that are expected to be collected in future years are recorded at the present value of their net realizable value, using interest rates applicable to the years in which the promises are to be received and adjusted for the credit risk of the donor based on management assessment. Contributions that are restricted by the donor are reported as increases in unrestricted net assets if the restrictions expire in the fiscal year in which the contributions are recognized. All other donor restricted contributions (primarily restrictions as to purpose and/or time) are reported as increases in temporarily or permanently restricted net assets depending on the nature of the restrictions. When a restriction expires, temporarily restricted net assets are reclassified to unrestricted net assets.

Donated Goods and Services – Donated goods are recognized as revenue at their estimated fair value during the period received. Donated services are recognized as revenue at their estimated fair value, if both of the following criteria are met: the services require special skills and the services are provided by individuals possessing those skills; and the services would typically need to be purchased, if not donated. Although the Organization may utilize the services of outside volunteers, the fair value of these services have not been recognized in the accompanying financial statements since they do not meet the criteria for recognition under U.S. GAAP.

Grants – Grants are recognized at fair value, as revenue, when received or unconditionally promised and collection is deemed to be reasonably certain. The Organization reports grants as temporarily restricted support if such gifts are received with donor stipulations that limit the use of the donated assets, unless there are written agreement which supersede those stipulations. When a restriction expires, temporarily restricted net assets are reclassified to unrestricted net assets.

R2S Donation Revenue – Pursuant to the Agreement with R2S, the Organization will receive funding for goods donated by individuals to R2S's resale stores. Per the Agreement, the Organization will receive funding from R2S for each pound of non-furniture items donated and a percentage of the revenue for furniture sales in the Organization's operating area. Donation revenue is recognized during the month that R2S receives and reports the donated goods from individuals for all non-furniture items. Donation revenue for furniture items is recognized during the month that R2S sells and reports the donated furniture. When the donation revenue is recorded, the Organization will record a receivable from R2S. Cash is received in the month subsequent to the recording of revenue.

Concentration of Credit Risk

Financial instruments which are potentially subject to risk consist primarily of cash and investments. Financial instruments potentially subjecting the Organization to concentrations of credit risk consist primarily of operating cash and investment balances at financial institutions in excess of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) insurance thresholds, cash held in money market accounts in excess of the amounts insured by the U.S. Treasury insurance for money market funds, and various debt and equity instruments in excess of Securities Investor Protection Corporation (SIPC) insurance limits. The Organization has not experienced any credit losses in such accounts in the past.

Christian Community Action Notes to Financial Statements

Note 1 – Organization and Summary of Accounting Policies (continued)

Income Taxes

The Organization is a nonprofit, publicly supported organization, as defined in Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code (Code) that is exempt from federal income taxes under Section 501(a) of the Code. Accordingly, no federal income taxes are recorded in the accompanying financial statements. Unrelated business income, if any, is insignificant and no tax provision has been made in the accompanying financial statements.

The Organization follows Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Accounting Standards of Codification (ASC) No. 740-10, relating to accounting for uncertain tax positions. ASC 740-10 prescribes a recognition threshold and measurement process for accounting for uncertain tax positions and also provides guidance on various related matters such as derecognition, interest and penalties, and disclosure requirements. The Organization does not have any entity level uncertain tax positions in connection with these financial statements. The Organization files a U.S. federal tax return.

Functional Allocation of Expenses

The costs of providing the various programs and supporting services have been summarized on a functional basis in the statements of activities and functional expenses. Accordingly, certain costs have been allocated among the programs and supporting services benefited.

Advertising

The Organization expenses advertising costs as they are incurred. Total advertising costs charged to general and administrative expenses were approximately \$149,948 and \$182,395 for the years ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively.

Fair Value Measurements

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. In determining fair value, the Organization uses various methods including market, income, and cost approaches. Based on these approaches, the Organization often utilizes certain assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability, including assumptions about risk and/or the risks inherent in the inputs to the valuation technique. These inputs can be readily observable, market corroborated, or generally unobservable inputs. The Organization utilizes valuation techniques that maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs. Based on the observability of the inputs used in the valuation techniques, the Organization is required to provide the following information according to the fair value hierarchy. The fair value hierarchy ranks the quality and reliability of the information used to determine fair values. Financial assets and liabilities carried at fair value will be classified and disclosed in one of the following three categories:

Level 1 – Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the Organization has the ability to access.

Level 2 – Observable inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability either directly or indirectly. These inputs may include quoted prices for the identical instrument on an active market, prices for similar instruments, interest rates, prepayment speeds, credit risk, yield curves, default rates, and similar data.

Christian Community Action

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 1 – Organization and Summary of Accounting Policies (continued)

Level 3 – Unobservable inputs for the asset or liability to the extent that relevant observable inputs are not available, representing the Organization’s own assumptions about the assumptions that a market participant would use in valuing the asset or liability, and that would be based on the best information available.

The availability of observable inputs can vary from security to security and is affected by a wide variety of factors, including, for example, the type of security, whether the security is new and not yet established in the marketplace, the liquidity of markets, and other characteristics particular to the security. To the extent that valuation is based on models or inputs that are less observable or unobservable in the market, the determination of fair value requires more judgment. Accordingly, the degree of judgment exercised in determining fair value is greatest for instruments categorized in Level 3.

The inputs used to measure fair value may fall into different levels of the fair value hierarchy. In such cases, for disclosure purposes, the level in the fair value hierarchy within which the fair value measurement falls into its entirety is determined based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement in its entirety.

A description of the valuation techniques applied to the Organization’s major categories of assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis as follows:

Cash and Money Market Accounts – Time deposits held by a financial institution paying a stated rate of interest. To the extent that these investments are deposits of cash and may be liquidated at the option of the Organization, they are categorized in Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy.

Equities and Mutual Funds – Equities and mutual fund investments are valued based on quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities. They are categorized in Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy.

Fixed Income Securities – Fixed Income Securities consist of government and corporate debt securities that are valued based on quotations received from dealers who make markets in such securities or by independent pricing services. These pricing services generally utilize matrix pricing which considers yield or price of bonds of comparable quality, coupon, maturity, and type as well as dealer supplied prices.

Use of Estimates

Management uses estimates and assumptions in preparing financial statements. Those estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities, and reported revenues and expenses. Significant estimates used in preparing these financial statements include those assumed in recording depreciation and amortization, values of donated assets or goods, and the functional allocation of expenses. It is at least reasonably possible that the significant estimates used will change within the next year. Actual results could vary from estimates.

Note 1 – Organization and Summary of Accounting Policies (continued)

Reclassifications

Certain reclassifications have been made to the prior year's financial statement to conform to the current year presentation. These reclassifications had no effect on previously reported results of operations or net assets.

Recent Pronouncements

In February 2016, the FASB issued its new lease accounting guidance in Accounting Standards Update (ASU) No. 2016-02, *Leases* (Topic 842). Under the new guidance, lessees will be required to recognize a lease liability and a right of use asset for all leases (with the exception of short-term leases) at the commencement date of the lease, and disclose key information about leasing arrangements. Accounting by lessors is largely unchanged. This ASU will be effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2019, including interim periods within those fiscal years and is to be applied on a modified retrospective basis. The Organization is currently assessing the potential impact of this ASU on its financial statements.

In August 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-14, *Presentation of Financial Statements of Not-for-Profit Entities*. ASU No. 2016-14 improves the current net asset classification requirements, as well as the information presented in the financial statements and notes that is useful in assessing a not-for-profit's liquidity, financial performance, and cash flows. Specifically, the following issues are addressed: (1) net asset classification, (2) donor restrictions and without donor restrictions, (3) information about liquidity and availability of resources, (4) information about expense and investment income, and (5) presentation of operating cash flows. ASU No. 2016-15 is effective for annual financial statements issued for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2017. The Organization is currently assessing the potential impact of this ASU on its financial statements.

Subsequent Events

Subsequent events are events or transactions that occur after the statement of financial position date but before the financial statements are available to be issued. The Organization recognizes in the financial statements the effects of all subsequent events that provide additional evidence about conditions that existed at the date of the statement of financial position, including the estimates inherent in the process of preparing the financial statements. The Organization's financial statements do not recognize subsequent events that provide evidence about conditions that did not exist at the date of the statement of financial position but arose after the statement of financial position date and before the financial statements are available to be issued.

In preparing the accompanying financial statements, the Organization has reviewed events that have occurred after June 30, 2018 through December 17, 2018, the date the financial statements were available for issuance. During this period, the Organization did not have any material subsequent events.

Christian Community Action Notes to Financial Statements

Note 2 – Note Receivable

As discussed in Note 1, during November of 2017, the Organization entered into the Agreement with R2S for the sale of assets and inventories related to the resale operations owned and operated by the Organization. As a condition of the Agreement, R2S executed a note payable to the Organization for \$1,500,000. The note bears interest at a rate of eight percent (8.0%) per annum, payable in monthly principal payments of \$31,250 beginning on January 1, 2018 and maturing on December 1, 2021. The note is guaranteed by Matt Kloeber in his individual capacity and by Boisk, Inc. secured by a lien on all tangible and personal property used in the business as conducted by R2S or any Affiliate. As of June 30, 2018 the outstanding balance of the note was \$1,312,500. The Organization determined that no estimated credit loss would be required as the note is secured by the assets transferred as part of the Agreement.

The remaining annual principal payments due under the note as of June 30, 2018, are as follows:

Years Ending June 30,	Amount
2019	\$ 375,000
2020	375,000
2021	375,000
2022	187,500
	<u>\$ 1,312,500</u>

Note 3 – Property and Equipment

Property and equipment, not including those that were a part of discontinued operations (see Note 8), at June 30, 2018 and 2017 consisted of the following:

	2018	2017
Land	\$ 326,619	\$ 326,619
Buildings and improvements	5,147,692	5,169,528
Furniture and equipment	560,169	889,528
Software	158,292	162,535
Vehicles	53,289	53,884
	<u>6,246,061</u>	<u>6,602,094</u>
Accumulated depreciation	<u>(3,055,367)</u>	<u>(3,284,458)</u>
	<u>\$ 3,190,694</u>	<u>\$ 3,317,636</u>

Depreciation and amortization expense, not including those that were a part of discontinued operations (see Note 8), for the years ended 2018 and 2017 totaled \$145,544 and \$167,103, respectively.

Christian Community Action Notes to Financial Statements

Note 4 – Fair Value Measurements

The following table presents the fair value hierarchy for those assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis as June 30, 2018.

<u>Investments</u>	<u>Level 1</u>	<u>Level 2</u>	<u>Level 3</u>	<u>Total</u>
Cash and money market accounts	\$ 201,690	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 201,690
Equities	3,075,715	-	-	3,075,715
Mutual funds	1,559,965	-	-	1,559,965
Fixed income securities	1,815,542	747,971	-	2,563,513
	<u>\$ 6,652,912</u>	<u>\$ 747,971</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 7,400,883</u>

Note 5 – Temporarily Restricted

Temporarily restricted net assets at June 30, 2018 and 2017 consisted of the following:

	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>
Capital campaign	\$ -	\$ 200,000
Pantry	-	8,454
Family assistance	21,440	20,911
Seasonal programs	4,659	7,798
Other direct support	4,660	79,661
	<u>\$ 30,759</u>	<u>\$ 316,824</u>

Note 6 – Commitments

Lease Agreement

The Organization leased a building under a noncancelable operating lease. The lease commenced on October 1, 2010 and expired December 31, 2017. The lease agreement included two consecutive optional terms for five years each, which were not executed. Total rent expense was \$134,922 and \$255,366 during the years ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively.

Other Leases

The Organization, as lessee, has various noncancelable leases for equipment, all of which are classified as operating leases. Expense under these leases was approximately \$39,782 and \$61,615 for the years ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively, and is included in the statements of activities primarily within general and administrative expenses. As part of the Agreement, several leases were assumed by R2S and, as a result, the Organization no longer has commitments related to those items. See Note 1 for additional details related to the Agreement.

Christian Community Action Notes to Financial Statements

Note 6 – Commitments (continued)

The remaining annual minimum lease payments under the operating leases existing as of June 30, 2018, are as follows:

Years Ending June 30,	Amount
2019	\$ 27,717
2020	22,444
2021	3,190
Thereafter	-
	<u>\$ 53,351</u>

Note 7 – Notes Payable

The Organization was obligated under a promissory note with a financial institution for the purchase of land and construction costs that was paid in full as part of the Agreement during the year. The note had an annual interest rate of Prime, but not less than 3.5%. The rate in effect at the time the note was paid was 4.25%. The note was secured by land and property included in the Agreement. The amount outstanding on this loan was \$760,000 on June 30, 2017.

The Organization was also obligated under promissory notes with a financial institution for funds that were used for operations of the Organization that was paid in full as part of the Agreement during the year. The loans had an annual interest rate of Prime, but not less than 3.5%. The rate in effect at the time the notes were paid was 4.25%. The notes were secured by land and property included in the Agreement. The amount outstanding on this loan was \$563,525 on June 30, 2017.

The Organization was also obligated under a car manufacturer loan for the purchase of vehicles that was assumed by R2S as part of the Agreement during the year. The loan had an annual interest rate of 4.99% and was secured by the vehicles purchased with the proceeds. As of June 30, 2017, the amount outstanding on this loan was \$28,660.

Interest expense on the above notes was charged as follows:

	2018	2017
Expenses	\$ 9,900	\$ 11,094
Discontinued operations	23,134	37,363
	<u>\$ 33,034</u>	<u>\$ 48,457</u>

Christian Community Action Notes to Financial Statements

Note 8 – Discontinued Operations

As discussed in Note 1, during November of 2017, the Organization executed the Agreement with R2S for the sale of assets and inventories related to the resale operations owned and operated by the Organization. As a condition of the Agreement, R2S agreed to pay the Organization \$10,350,000. The Organization received cash in the amount of \$8,850,000 and issued a seller note for \$1,500,000 (See Note 2). As discussed in Note 7, \$1,389,603 of these proceeds were used to pay off promissory notes secured by the assets transferred in the Agreement. The remaining funds, net certain closing related expenses, were received by the Organization and placed in an investment account as discussed in Note 1.

In addition to \$10,350,000, the Agreement outlined future payments of proceeds related to the collection donated items in the Organization's service area, as defined in the Agreement. The Organization recognizes revenues through this part of the Agreement as donated items are received by R2S.

The decision of the Organization to discontinue operations of the resale and donation centers by entering into the Agreement with R2S enables the Organization to maintain reliable and sustainable liquidity and revenues to support its program services.

The Organization is precluded from reentering resale operations, per the Agreement. The Organization recorded a gain on sale of assets and inventories related to resale, net of cost, of \$2,672,412 during 2017.

A summary of the results of operations of the discontinued operations for the years ended June 30, 2018 and 2017 are as follows:

2018	Unrestricted	Temporarily Restricted	Total
Revenue - resale merchandise	\$ 2,211,164	\$ -	\$ 2,211,164
Expenses - resale operations	(2,139,135)	-	(2,139,135)
Gain of sale of assets and inventories	3,172,254	-	3,172,254
Expenses - R2S Transaction	(499,842)	-	(499,842)
Change in Net Assets	<u>\$ 2,744,441</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 2,744,441</u>

2017	Unrestricted	Temporarily Restricted	Total
Revenue - resale merchandise	\$ 5,135,438	\$ -	\$ 5,135,438
Expenses - resale operations	(4,610,181)	-	(4,610,181)
Change in Net Assets	<u>\$ 525,257</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 525,257</u>

Christian Community Action Notes to Financial Statements

Note 8 – Discontinued Operations (continued)

Property and equipment that was a part of discontinued operations at June 30, 2017 consisted of the following:

	<u>2017</u>
Land	\$ 769,181
Buildings and improvements	7,019,919
Furniture and equipment	740,156
Software	-
Vehicles	219,169
	<u>8,748,425</u>
Accumulated depreciation	<u>(2,550,770)</u>
	<u>\$ 6,197,655</u>

Depreciation and amortization expenses that were a part of discontinued operations for the years ended 2018 and 2017 totaled \$133,206 and \$303,851, respectively.

Note 9 – Retirement Plan

The Organization has adopted a retirement arrangement under Section 403(b) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended. Under the plan, participating employees may contribute a portion of their compensation, pretax or after-tax, limited by an annual deferral limit prescribed by the IRC. The Organization contributes 3.0% of eligible employees' wages plus matches the employee contributions, up to 2.0% of wages. The Organization's contributions are subject to a vesting schedule which entitles the employee to a percentage of the contributions depending on the years of service. For the years ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, the Organization contributed to this retirement plan \$78,638 and \$96,937, respectively.

Note 10 – Significant Cash Concentration

The Organization maintains its cash in bank deposit accounts that, at times, may exceed federally insured limits. The Organization has not experienced any losses in such accounts and does not believe it is exposed to any significant risk.

Note 11 - Related-Party Transactions

Total contributions made to the Organization from the Board of Directors and other related parties amounted to \$32,905 and \$140,284 as of June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively. All contributions were in the form of cash donations by the related parties.